

# **EPIMIX PBT GV0 15 NC Q1B5A901**

# Polybutylene Terephthalate, Halogenated

### **Technical Data Sheet**

Material Information: Flame retardant PBT reinforced with 15% glass fiber, heat stabilized for injection molding.

**Notes:** Halogenated, compliance with RoHS derivatives, with rating UL94 V0 and glow-wire at 960°C, which is used in many sectors of industy and has excellent mechanical properties. This material is available in natural and colours on request.

Properties	<b>Test Method</b>	Unit	Value
Physical properties			Dry
Density (23°C)	ISO 1183	g/cm³	1,52
Ash content	ISO 3451-4	%	15
Mold shrinkage- parallel/normal (3mm)	ISO 294-4	%	0,3/1,0
Mechanical properties			
Tensile modulus (1mm/min) (23°C)	ISO 527-2	MPa	7000
Tensile stress at break (5mm/min) (23°C)	ISO 527-2	MPa	90
Tensile strain at break (5mm/min) (23°C)	ISO 527-2	%	2
Flexural modulus (2mm/min) (23°C)	ISO 178	MPa	6500
Flexural strength (2mm/min) (23°C)	ISO 178	MPa	135
Notched izod impact (23°C)	ISO 180/1A	kJ/m²	5
Unnotched izod impact (23°C)	ISO 180/1U	kJ/m²	20
Notched charpy impact (23°C)	ISO 179/1eA	kJ/m²	6
Unnotched charpy impact (23°C)	ISO 179/1eU	kJ/m²	25
Thermal properties			
Melting point	ISO 3146	°C	220
Temp. of deflection under load (0,45 MPa)	ISO 75-2/B	°C	215
Temp. of deflection under load (1,80 MPa)	ISO 75-2/A	°C	195
Flammability & electrical properties			
Flammability classification (1,6mm) - UL 94	EN 60695-11-10	_	V0
Glow Wire - GWFI (1,6 mm)	EN 60695-2-12	°C	960
Ball Pressure Test (125 ± 2 °C)	EN 60695-10-2	-	<2
Comparative tracking index - CTI (Solution A)	EN 60112	V	200
Surface resistivity	ASTM D257	Ω/sq	1E+15
US-FMVSS 302	ISO 3795	mm/min	<100

### **Test conditions**

Laboratory conditions are 23 ±2°C and 45-55 % RH.

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### **EPIMIX PBT GRADES PROCESSING CONDITIONS**

## **Injection moulding of EPIMIX PBT**

PBT is easy to mould material, with a very wide processing window. A few general guidelines are given here.

#### **Pre-drying**

PBT is hygroscopic and moisture sensitive, so pre-drying is recommended as a matter of rule. Material that is not pre-dried to a moisture level below 0,1 % will degrade, causing surface defects, parts that are out of dimension and brittle parts. It is recommended to dry material for 2-4 hours at  $120^{\circ}$ C to  $140^{\circ}$ C in a desiccant dryer with more than one desiccant element.

A few tips to ensure proper operation of the dryer:

- \* Ensure the thermocouple that regulates the temperature is placed immediately before the entry of the air into the dryer. There can be a significant temperature drop in the air-conveyance system.
- \* The temperature of the air going out of the dryer silo should not be more than 30°C lower than the air entering the system. If this is the case, you have insufficient air capacity.
- \* From time to time, monitor the dew point of the dry air to ensure the desiccant elements are functioning properly.
- \* Often, less air runs through the very bottom part of a dryer silo. Therefore, it is recommended that you take the material out of the bottom of the dryer and feed back into the top when you start up your process.

### Moulding temperatures

PBT can be processed between 220 and 270°C, depending on the grade used.

The following barrel settings are recommended:

Material	Zone 1 (Hopper)	Zone 2	Zone 3	Zone 4 (Nozzle)
Unfilled Grades	230-240°C	235-250°C	235-250°C	240-260°C
Impact M. Grades	220-235°C	225-240°C	225-240°C	235-255°C
Flame Ret. Grades	220-230°C	225-240°C	230-245°C	235-260°C
Reinforced Grades	235-260°C	240-260°C	250-265°C	260-270°C

## **Tool temperature**

Mould temperature is always a compromise. Moreover, tool temperature should be as a high as possible to give optimum crystallization, dimensional, good surface finish and excellent mechanical performance. On the other hand, lower tool temperature can significantly cut cycle time. For PBT, 80°C should be maintained as a minimum. For different grades values of 90-110°C are preferred.

### **Pressure and speed**

Injection pressure should generally be around 70 to 100 Mpa; this results in a minimum clamping force of the moulding machine in tonnes of 0,7 times the projected surface area in cm<sup>2</sup>.

Holding pressure is generally in the area of 80 Mpa.

For glassfibre reinforced compounds, the screw speed should be kept low, a rough indication is as follows:

Screw diameter (mm)	Maximum rpm
20	100
30	95
40	70
50	60
60	50
70	40
80	35
>80	30

Back pressure should be kept to a practical minimum.

### **Use of regrind**

Regrind sprues and runners can be used on most materials. It is not recommended to use regrind on FR grades. When regrind is used, observe these simple rules:

- \* Use a constant ratio of regrind and virgin material. When a material has been processed once, its viscosity and fibre length have been decreased. Using varying rations of regrind can lead to variations in dimensions, mechanical performance and processing characteristics.
- \* Either feed the regrind straight back into the machine or pre-dry the regrind before usage.
- \* Store regrind in a dry, clean place to avoid contamination and excess moisture.
- \* Ensure sharp cutting blades to keep dust generation to a minimum; cut glass fibre reinforced material when it is still hot.
- \* Clean the grinder regularly to avoid build up of dust.
- \* Do not use splayed, discoloured or degraded parts and runners.

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